Network Reconnaissance



http://www.kaashivinfotech.com/



What we offer

Inplant
Training

Internship
Training

- > ping
 - > Part of the Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
 - > Helps to verify whether a host is active
 - > Command is available for all platforms
 - There are two ping utilities available for a Linux or Unix machine: ping and ping6
- > traceroute
 - ➤ A request for a Web page that resides on a remote server must pass through several servers on its way
 - > Command can track all of the intermediate servers

```
Terminal
                                                                            File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
wolf@l8:~$ ping6 -h
Usage: ping6 [-LUdfnqrvVaA] [-c count] [-i interval] [-w deadline]
             [-p pattern] [-s packetsize] [-t ttl] [-I interface]
             [-M mtu discovery hint] [-S sndbuf]
             [-F flow label] [-Q traffic class] [hop1 ...] destination
wolf@l8:~$ ping -h
Usage: ping [-LRUbdfnqrvVaA] [-c count] [-i interval] [-w deadline]
            [-p pattern] [-s packetsize] [-t ttl] [-I interface or address]
            [-M mtu discovery hint] [-S sndbuf]
            [ -T timestamp option ] [ -Q tos ] [hopl ...] destination
wolf@l8:-$
```



- > traceroute
 - ➤ In UNIX-based operating systems use traceroute command
 - In Windows operating systems use tracert command

```
* Terminal
 File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
wolf@l8:~$ traceroute 127.0.0.1
traceroute to 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1), 30 hops max, 38 byte packets
 1 localhost (127.0.0.1) 0.104 ms 0.057 ms 0.023 ms
wolf@l8:~$ traceroute -h
Version 1.4al2
Usage: traceroute [-dFIlnrvx] [-g gateway] [-i iface] [-f first_ttl]
        [-m max_ttl] [ -p port] [-q nqueries] [-s src_addr] [-t tos]
        [-w waittime] [-z pausemsecs] host [packetlen]
                                                                           2-10
wolf@l8:~$
```

> netstat

- Allows all the transmission Control Protocol (TCP), User Datagram Protocol (UDP), and IP connections on a computer to be viewed
- Also helps to locate
 - > IP address of computers
 - > IP addresses of the hosts connected to the computers
 - > Port of the host to which a computer is connected

```
* Terminal
                                                                            File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
wolf@l8:~$ netstat -h
usage: netstat [-veenNcCF] [<Af>] -r
                                             netstat (-V|--version|-h|--help)
      netstat [-vnNcaeol] [<Socket> ...]
      netstat { [-veenNac] -1 | [-cnNe] -M | -s }
                                 display routing table
       -r. -- route
       -i, --interfaces
                                 display interface table
                                 display multicast group memberships
       -g, --groups
                                 display networking statistics (like SMMP)
       -s, --statistics
                                 display masqueraded connections
       -M, --masquerade
       -v, --verbose
                                 be verbose
                                 don't resolve names
       -n, --numeric
                                 don't resolve host names
       -- numeric-hosts
                                 don't resolve port names
       --numeric-ports
                                 don't resolve user names
       -- numeric-users
       -N, --symbolic
                                 resolve hardware names
       -e, --extend
                                 display other/more information
                                 display PID/Program name for sockets
       -p, --programs
       -c, --continuous
                                 continuous listing
       -l, --listening
                                 display listening server sockets
       -a, --all, --listening
                                display all sockets (default: connected)
                                 display timers
       -o, --timers
       -F. -- fib
                                 display Forwarding Information Base (default)
                                 display routing cache instead of FIB
       -C. --cache
 <Socket>={-t|--tcp} {-u|--udp} {-w|--raw} {-x|--unix} --ax25 --ipx --netrom
 <AF>=Use '-6|-4' or '-A <af>' or '--<af>'; default: inet
 List of possible address families (which support routing):
   inet (DARPA Internet) inet6 (IPv6) ax25 (AMPR AX.25)
   netrom (AMPR NET/ROM) ipx (Novell IPX) ddp (Appletalk DDP)
   x25 (CCITT X.25)
                                                                        2-11
wolf@lB:~$ netstat --help
```

Our Official Website

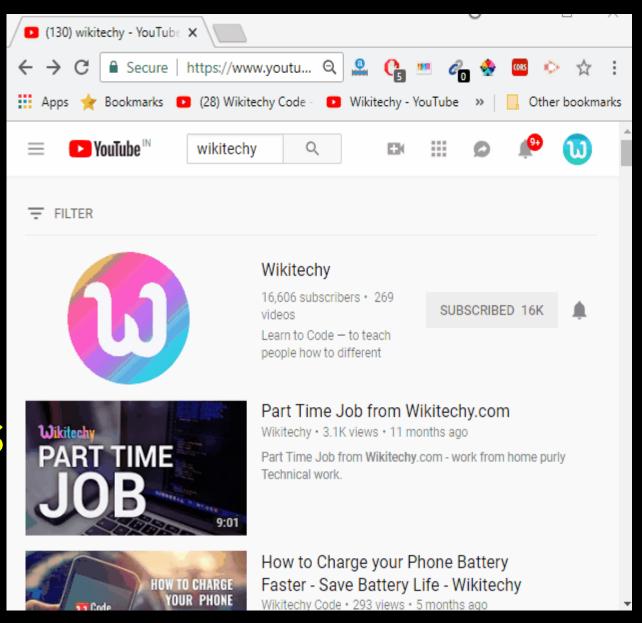
http://www.kaashivinfotech.com/

https://www.wikitechy.com/





Our Youtube Channel Wikitechy Wikitechy code Wikitechy Interview Tips Wikitechy School



THANKYOU

Pls Share to UR Friends